## **Important Information**

#### Who must file Form IL-941?

You must file Form IL-941 if you paid amounts subject to Illinois withholding income tax (either required or by voluntary agreement), such as:

- Wages and other employee compensation including bonus, overtime, and commission pay, usually reported to the recipient on a Form W-2.
- Non-wage income such as pensions, annuities, unemployment income, and sick pay for which you have voluntarily agreed to withhold Illinois taxes, usually reported to a recipient on a Form 1099.
- Gambling and lottery winnings (paid by the entity issuing the winnings such as the Illinois Lottery or a casino), usually reported to a recipient on a Form W-2G.
- Amounts paid to purchase rights to Illinois lottery winnings reported on a Form 1099-MISC.

**Note:** Form IL-941 is the **only** form used to report Illinois income tax withholding with the exception of household employee withholding, which can be reported on **Form IL-1040**, Individual Income Tax return. If you have household employees, see **Publication 121**, Illinois Income Tax Withholding for Household Employees.

For more information, see Publication 130, Who is Required to Withhold Illinois Income Tax.

You **must file** Form IL-941 **even if no tax was withheld** during the reporting period (*e.g.*, employees who are seasonal workers). If you permanently discontinue having Illinois employees or payees, complete IL-941, Step 2, Line B, for your final reporting period.

### When is my Form IL-941 return due?

Your Form IL-941 is due quarterly. See the box to the right. 2019 Withholding Income Tax Payment and Filing Due dates.

Unlike the federal government, Illinois does not require an annual reconciliation return. If you submit an annual reconciliation return, it will cause processing delays and an error on your withholding account.

For more information, see the "End of the Year Instructions," after the "Step by Step Instructions" section.

\*Note: If the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the return is due on the next business day.

### When to File Form IL-941

Your Form IL-941 is due by the last day of the month that follows the end of the quarter.

The quarter includes	Quarter ends	IL-941 is due
<ol> <li>January, February, March</li> <li>April, May, June</li> <li>July, August, September</li> <li>October, November, December</li> </ol>	March 31 June 30 September 30 December 31	April 30 July 31 October 31 January 31

### How can I file or pay electronically?

We encourage you to file your Form IL-941 and make your IL-501 payments electronically.

To file — You may use

- MyTax Illinois on our website at mytax.illinois.gov or
- an IDOR-approved Tax-Prep software program (software you develop or purchase off-the-shelf) to file electronically.

To pay — You may use

- MyTax Illinois,
- an IDOR-approved Tax-Prep software program, or
- ACH Credit payment option.

MyTax Illinois is our online account filing and management program that is available to you, free of charge, to file, pay, and monitor your Illinois tax accounts.

For detailed information, go to our website at tax.illinois.gov.

### **Electronic Requirements for Illinois Withholding Income Tax:**

- You are required to electronically submit Forms W-2, W-2c, and W-2G to Illinois. If you are unable to do so, you can complete Form IL-900-EW to request a waiver. See **Publication 110**, Forms W-2, W-2c, W-2G, and 1099 Filing and Storage Requirements for Employers and Payers, for additional information.
- You must file Forms IL-941 electronically. If you are unable to do so, you can complete Form IL-900-EW to request a waiver.
- You must make withholding tax payments **electronically** if you are assigned to the semi-weekly payment schedule.

# Where do I report the amount of Illinois Income Tax I withheld from my employees' or others' pay?

You must report the amount of Illinois Income Tax you withheld, based upon the date you issued payroll, on Step 4 of your IL-941 return. For example:

- You withheld Illinois income tax from your payroll on January 15 and January 30 of \$300 each. On the first month of the quarter, enter \$300 on the 15th and the 30th. Then enter the total of \$600.00 for your January payroll on Line 2a and Line 2b.
- You withheld Illinois income tax from your payroll on February 15 of \$225 and February 28 of \$300. On the second month of the quarter, enter \$225 on the 15th and \$300 on the 28th. Then enter the total of \$525.00 from your employees' pay for your February payroll on Line 2c.
- You withheld Illinois income tax from your payroll on March 15 and March 30 of \$300 each. On the third month of the quarter, enter \$300 on the 15th and the 30th. Then, enter the total of \$600.00 from your employees' pay for your March payroll on Line 2d.
- Add Lines 2b, 2c, and 2d.
- On your Form IL-941 submitted by April 30th for the first quarter, you would report \$1,725.00 on Line 2.

**Note:** In Step 4, make sure to report the amount **withheld** for Illinois, <u>not</u> the amount of your payees' income. Total income should be entered on Line 1.

First me	onth of quarter:		
15	\$300.00		
30	\$300.00		
2a Janu	uary withholding =	<u>\$600.00</u>	
2b cont	2b cont. (amount from 2a) = $\frac{$600.00}{}$		
Second	month of quarter:		
15 _	\$225.00		
28 _	\$300.00		
2c Febr	uary withholding =	<u>\$525.00</u>	
Third m	onth of quarter:		
15 _	\$300.00		
30 _	\$300.00		
2d Marc	ch withholding =	\$600.00	
1st quar Line 2 =	ter Form IL-941,	\$1,725.00	

### Do I report an amount on every line in Step 4?

No. You must report withholding amounts **only** on the days you issued payroll **and** on the total Lines 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d. The lines for the days where there was no withholding may remain blank. For example, if you have 2 payroll days per month on the 15th and the 28th, then Step 4 should look like this:

### Step 4: Tell us about the amount withheld

2 Enter the exact amount of Illinois Income Tax you actually withheld from y v. employees or others on the date you paid the compensation. Only enter amounts on days you made withhe ding leave the remaining "Day" lines blank. If you withheld no Illinois Income Tax during the month, e. ter "0" on the corresponding "Total" line - Line 2a, 2c, or 2d (noted by "•).

2a First month of quarter (i.e., January for 1st quarter; April for and quarter; July 3rd quarter; and October for 4th quarter)

Day	Amount	Day	Amount	`ay	Amount	Day	Amount
1		9		17	40 <sup>UI</sup>	25	
2		10		18/10		26	
3		11	A	(Qa)		27	
4		12		ັ20		28	<u>425.00</u>
5	·	13	103	21		29	
6			100	22		30	
7		1,5	425.00	23		31	
8	·	16		24			
Total	Illinois Income Tax	withheld	<b>I this month.</b> (Add Se	ction 2a	, Lines 1-31.)	2a	<i>850.00</i>

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18) Page 2 of 9

Day Amount	quarter (i.e., February for 1st quarter )	Day Amount	Day	
1	_ 9	17	25	
2				
3				
4		20	28	<u>425.00</u>
5	_ 13	21		
6	_ 14	22	30	
7	15425.(	00 23	31	
·				
8			.) • 2c	<i>850.00</i>
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu	_ 16	Add ect on 2c, Lines 31	,	
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu	16 Tax withheld this month. ( uarter (i.e., March for 1st quart Day Amount	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31  June for and quarter September  Day Amount	for 3rd quarter; and Do	ecember for 4th quarter)
8 Total Illinois Income I 2d Third month of qu Day Amount	Tax withheld this month. (auarter (i.e., March for 1st quart Day Amount	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31	for 3rd quarter; and Do	ecember for 4th quarter) Amount
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu Day Amount 1	Tax withheld this month. (  Jarter (i.e., March for 1st quart  Day Amount  9  10	June for and quarter September  Day Amount	for 3rd quarter; and Do Day	ecember for 4th quarter) Amount
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu Day Amount  1 2	Tax withheld this month. (  Jarter (i.e., March for 1st quart  Day Amount  9  10	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31  June for ind quarter September  Day Amount  17  18	for 3rd quarter; and Do Day 25 26	ecember for 4th quarter) Amount
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu Day Amount  1 2 3	Tax withheld this month. (Auarter (i.e., March for 1st quart )  Day Amount  9 10 11	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31  June for and quarter september  Day Amount  17  18  19	for 3rd quarter; and Do Day	ecember for 4th quarter) Amount
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu Day Amount  1 2 3 4	Tax withheld this month. (Alarter (i.e., March for 1st quart Day Amount  9 10 11 12	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31  June for ind quarter September  Day Amount  17  18  19  20	for 3rd quarter; and Doay	Amount
8 Total Illinois Income 1 2d Third month of qu Day Amount  1 2 3 4 5	Tax withheld this month. (Alarter (i.e., March for 1st quart Day Amount  9 10 11 12 13 14	Add ection 2c, Lines 1-31  June for and quarter september  Day Amount  17  18  19  20  21  22	for 3rd quarter; and Do Day  25 26 27 28 29 30	Amount

### How do I use my Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) credits?

DCEO credits should be claimed on Line 3 of your Form IL-941. We receive notification from DCEO and apply credits when they become available. **Do not** claim these credits on your Form IL-941 **until** they are available for use per your tax credit certificate or your certificate of verification that you received from DCEO.

There are two different types of DCEO credits for Illinois withholding income tax:

- Illinois Small Business Job Creation tax credit (ILSBJC) This credit is applied to the first liability due after the tax credit certificate is issued, and before any IL-501 payments you have made. The federal employer identification number (FEIN) you use on your Form IL-941 must match the FEIN on the tax credit certificate you receive from DCEO.
- Economic Development for a Growing Economy withholding tax credit (EDGE) The EDGE credit is applied to the first liability of the tax year *following* the Certificate of Verification year and is also considered before any IL-501 payments. This credit is not common.

Please account for your credits when you plan your payments so that your account remains in balance. Even if you use a DCEO credit, you still need to report the total amount you withheld from your employees or others on Step 4, Line 2, of Form IL-941. Your DCEO credits are applied to your tax liability before your payments. Make sure to claim all of your payments for the quarter on Form IL-941, Step 5, Line 4. If you made payments that, when added with your DCEO credit, resulted in overpayment of your withholding taxes, you must file a Form IL-941-X, Amended Illinois Withholding Income Tax Return to verify the overpayment. For additional information about DCEO credits, contact Illinois DCEO.

### When are my IL-501 payments due?

There are two different payment schedules — monthly and semi-weekly. The due dates are as follows:

- Monthly payments are due by the 15th day of the month following the month in which the tax was withheld.
- Semi-weekly payments are due
  - by Wednesday for amounts withheld on the preceding Wednesday, Thursday, or Friday; and
  - by **Friday** for amounts withheld on the preceding Saturday, Sunday, Monday, or Tuesday.

Note: If the due date falls on a weekend or holiday, the payment is due on the next business day.

The 2019 due dates can be found at 2019 Withholding Income Tax Payment and Filing Due dates.

### How is my payment frequency determined?

Payment due dates are determined by the payment schedule we assign to you based on your liability during the "look-back" period, and the day you pay your payees from whom tax is withheld, **or** if you reach the \$12,000 threshold during a quarter. Annually, we review the total amount, as reported on returns filed, that was withheld during the "look-back" period. The "look-back" period is the one-year period ending on June 30 of the immediately preceding calendar year. For calendar year 2019, the "look-back" period is July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018. At the end of the annual review, we notify you if your payment frequency changes.

#### Monthly

• First-time taxpayers and taxpayers who have reported \$12,000 or less in withholding during the "look-back" period, are assigned to the monthly payment schedule.

#### Semi-weekly

- If you reported more than \$12,000 in withholding during the "look-back" period, you are assigned to the semi-weekly payment schedule.
- If you exceed \$12,000 in withholding during a quarter, it is **your responsibility** to begin to pay your Illinois withholding income tax semi-weekly in the following quarter, the remainder of the year, and the subsequent year.

**Electronic requirements for Illinois withholding income tax:** You **must** make withholding tax payments electronically if you are assigned to the semi-weekly payment schedule.

For more information, see Publication 131, Withholding Income Tax Payment and Filing Requirements.

**Note:** You will owe a **late-payment penalty** if you do not pay the tax you owe by each payment due date. For more information, see **Publication 103**, Penalties and Interest for Illinois Taxes.

#### How do I calculate how much my IL-501 payments should be?

The IL-501 payments you make should be the **exact amount you withheld from your payee minus any credits** you may have available. For example:

#### Example 1 (no credits)

Your January 1- January 15 payroll totaled \$15,000.00; you actually withheld Illinois income tax totaling \$600.00 from your employees' pay; and you have no available credits on your account. Your IL-501 payment should be \$600.00.

#### Example 2 (with credits)

Your January 1- January 15 payroll totaled \$15,000.00; you actually withheld Illinois income tax totaling \$600.00 from your employees' pay; and you received a DCEO credit of \$250.00 that was available for use. Your IL-501 payment should be \$350.00. See the boxes to the right.

 Payroll total = \$15,000.00

 IL withholding total = \$600.00

 Credits = \$0.00

 IL-501 payment = \$600.00

Payroll total = \$15,000.00

IL withholding total = \$600.00

DCEO credits = - \$250.00

IL-501 payment = \$350.00

### Do I figure my own penalties or interest?

You are not expected to figure your own penalties and interest. We will bill you for penalties and interest, if applicable. For more information about penalties and interest, see **Publication 103**, Penalties and Interest for Illinois Taxes.

### How do I correct a misapplied payment I made to IDOR?

A payment may be eligible to be moved from one period to another period only if it has not been used to satisfy a liability. If you made the payment through MyTax Illinois, you can change the payment while it is in "pending" status. Once the payment posts, you must send a written request to us to have the payment moved. In your written request, please include your account number; the amount and date of the payment; to what period you are requesting it be applied; and the reason for your request to move the payment. Also include a complete list of payment amounts and dates for the period to which you are moving it. Send the request to the address listed in the "Where do I get help?" box on Page 6.

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18) Page 4 of 9

### How do I correct an error if I over-withheld or under-withheld from a payee?

The method for correcting an error on withholding is determined by the time of year that the error is made. If you over-withheld or under-withheld prior to the end of the calendar year, you may simply correct it in future payroll cycles within the same calendar year by adjusting the amount you withhold by the amount of the over-withholding or under-withholding. Amounts reported on Form IL-941 always must be the exact amounts withheld from payees. If you do not make the correction before the end of the calendar year, you must report the amount actually withheld on the W-2 or 1099 forms for the payee to claim on his/her income tax return. Do not try to correct this issue by issuing a W-2c to change the withholding amount. Your employee or other individual from whom you withheld will either receive a refund of the over-withheld amount or have to pay the under-withheld amount on their Individual Income Tax Return.

#### **Examples**

- If you withheld too much from an employee during the 1st quarter, you may withhold less during the 2nd quarter to make up for the overage. On your Form IL-941, report the exact amount you withheld during the quarter.
- If you withheld too little from your employee during the January 15th payroll, you may withhold more during the February 15th payroll. On your Form IL-941, report the exact amount you withheld during the quarter.
- Important: You realize, after you issued the employee's W-2 for the calendar year, you withheld too much from the employee in the 3rd quarter, however you reported the exact amount you withheld on your 3rd quarter Form IL-941 and Form W-2 for that employee for that year. Even though the amount you withheld was not correct, do not refund the over-withheld amount to the employee, do not file an amended return, and do not file an amended W-2 changing the withholding amount. The amount you reported on your Form IL-941 and your employee's Form W-2 is correct in that the amount was exactly what you withheld. The over-withheld amount will be credited to the taxpayer when he or she files his or her individual income tax return. Note: If the wages reported were incorrect, you will need to issue a corrected W-2 to report the correct amount of Illinois wages, but the Illinois withholding should not change.

### How do I correct withholding that I have over-reported or under-reported?

You must always report the exact amount of tax that you actually withheld during the reporting period on your Form IL-941. If the amount you reported was more or less than the amount you actually withheld, then you must file an amended return (IL-941-X).

# What form do I use to report my employees' or payees' income and withholding at the end of the year?

You must report income and withholding on the correct withholding form type listed in the chart below. Refer to the Internal Revenue Service website at **irs.gov**, for more information.

Type of Income	Withholding Form Type
Payroll	W-2
Compensation	W-2 or 1099 series
Gambling winnings	W-2G
Illinois Lottery Winnings	W-2G
Amount paid to purchase rights to Illinois Lottery Winnings	1099-MISC
Voluntary Withholding Agreement — Unemployment, Retirement, Interest or Dividend Income	1099 series
Other	1099 series

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18) Page 5 of 9

## Form IL-941 Step-by-Step Instructions

Follow the instructions on the form. Do not file more than one Form IL-941 per quarter.

### **Step 1: Provide your information**

Enter your information and check any box that is applicable.

**Note**: Your sequence number should be "000" unless you have been assigned a different sequence number when you registered.

Reporting Period — Complete this section.

Check the correct quarter you are reporting (even if you have no withholding to report). File one return for each quarter. Do **not** file an annual return.

### Step 2: Tell us about your business

Complete Items A and B only if this is your 4th quarter return or you have permanently stopped withholding and this is your final return.

**Item A1** — Enter the **total number of W-2 forms** reporting Illinois withholding you were required to issue for the entire year. Only complete this line when you file your 4th guarter or final return.

**Item A2** — Enter the **total number of 1099 forms** reporting Illinois withholding you were required to issue for the entire year. Only complete this line when you file your 4th quarter or final return.

**Item B** — Check this box and enter the date you stopped withholding, if applicable.

Item C — Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program - complete Worksheet 1 below.

### Where do I get help?

- Visit our website at tax.illinois.gov
- Call us at 1 800 732-8866 or 217 782-3336
- Call our TDD (telecommunications device for the deaf) at 1 800 544-5304
- Write to

ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE PO BOX 19002 SPRINGFIELD IL 62794-9002

### **Worksheet 1 - Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program Requirements**

Complete this worksheet to find out if you should check Box C.

- 1. Are you subject to the Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program Act (820 ILCS 80/)? Answer the following guestions.
  - Do you employ fewer than 25 people?

YES NO

• Have you been in business less than 2 years?

YES NO



- If you answered "YES" to <u>either</u> of the questions, you are <u>not</u> subject to the Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program Act, **check Box** "C" on your Form IL-941.
- If you answered "NO" to both questions, continue to Number 2.
- 2. If you are subject to the Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program Act, do you offer a "qualified" retirement savings plan, such as a pension or 401(k), to your employees? (A "qualified" plan is a plan that meets the requirements for Section 401(a), Section 401(k), Section 403(a), Section 403(b), Section 408(k), Section 408(p), or Section 457(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.)

YES NO

- If you answered "YES," check Box "C" on your Form IL-941.
- If you answered "NO," you will be contacted by the Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program. You are required to either



- participate in the Illinois Secure Choice Savings Program, OR
- begin offering a qualified retirement savings plan to your employees.

For more information, go to *illinoisretirement.gov*. After enrollment in the Illinois Secure Choice Program is available, failure to comply may result in assessment of fees and penalties.

### Step 3: Tell us about the amount subject to withholding

**Line 1** — Enter the total of all amounts subject to Illinois withholding income tax (either required or by voluntary agreement) including payroll, compensation, gambling winnings (such as Illinois Lottery winnings), amounts paid to purchase the rights to Illinois Lottery winnings, or any other non-wage income. **Do not leave blank** - if you had no amount subject to Illinois withholding, enter zero.

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18) Page 6 of 9

### Step 4: Tell us about the amount withheld

Line 2 — Enter the exact amount of Illinois income tax you withheld from your employees or others on the date you paid the compensation. This step is separated by month and lists every day in each month. Enter the amount of Illinois income tax you withheld from your employees or payees on the exact day you paid the amount from which you withheld tax.

1. Enter the amount of Illinois income tax you withheld from your employees' or payees' income on the exact day you withheld it. Do not write this amount on the day you made your deposit — it must be the day you made your payroll or compensation payments. For example, if your payroll is paid on January 15 and January 30 and you withheld a total of \$300 each payroll, you will enter \$300 on the 15th and \$300 on the 30th in the "First month of quarter" section.

15	\$300.00
30	\$300.00

2. For each month add the daily amounts to determine the total tax withheld for the month and enter the total in the space provided. **Do not leave the total lines (Lines 2a, 2b, 2c, and 2d) for Line 2 blank**- if you did not withhold during this period, enter zero. For this example, you would enter \$600 on Line 2a.

Total Illinois Income Tax withheld this month. (Add Section 2a, Lines 1-31.) • 2a \$600.00

3. For each quarter, add the amounts from Lines 2b, 2c, and 2d, and enter the total on the line provided and on Form IL-941, Line 2. **Do not leave Line 2 blank**- if you did not withhold during this period, enter zero.

Add Lines 2b, 2c, and 2d and enter the total amount here. This is the total dollar amount of Illinois Income Tax actually withheld from your employees or others for this quarter.

2 \$1,800.00

**IMPORTANT:** Enter the total of all amounts of Illinois Income Tax actually withheld (either required or by voluntary agreement) this reporting period, even if you are able to use a DCEO or other credit to pay your withholding liability. This includes employee withholding and any withholding that was made on other Illinois income. **Do not estimate this amount.** 

### Step 5: Tell us about your payments and credits

Note: The Department applies credits and payments in a specific order. The DCEO credit (Line 3) is applied first, then the payments (line 4).

Line 3 — Enter only the amount of credit you are using through the Illinois Department of Commerce and Economic Opportunity (DCEO) to satisfy your liability. This amount should not exceed your tax amount on Line 2. This credit is applied to your tax liability before your payments and other credits. You can claim the Small Business Job Creation Tax Credit or the EDGE Credit only if you received a tax credit certificate or a certificate of verification from DCEO. Do not attach the DCEO certificate. This credit can only be used to reduce your withholding income tax liability. A DCEO credit cannot result in a refund. However, if you have remaining credit, you can use it for future Illinois withholding income tax liabilities. See the worksheet.

A Total amount of DCEO credit available from certificate or left over from a previous return:

B Enter Step 4, Line 2 from this IL-941.

C Subtract Line B from Line A. If this is a negative number, enter zero. This is the amount of DCEO credit you have remaining to use on future Illinois withholding income tax liability. *Keep this amount for future returns.* 

**Line 4** — Enter the total amount of withholding payments you have made during this period. This includes all IL-501 payments (electronic and paper coupons). **Do not leave blank.** 

**Line 5** — Follow the instructions on the form. This is your total credits and payments.

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18)

### Step 6: Figure your balance

**Line 6** — Follow the instructions on the form. This is your balance due.

If the total of your payments and credits on Line 5 is greater than your withholding amount on Line 2, review your amounts. You may have made an error on the amount you paid or credit claimed on Line 5 or the tax you reported on Line 2. If your information is correct and you overpaid the withholding amount, enter **zero** on Line 6. **Do not** enter a negative number on Line 6. To request verification of an overpayment, you must file Form IL-941-X, Amended Illinois Withholding Income Tax Return, through MyTax Illinois. **This amount will not be issued as a refund until it has been verified.** 

### Step 7: Sign here

You, or a person authorized by you through a Power of Attorney form, must sign and date the first signature line of your return. If you do not sign your return, it will **not** be considered filed and you may be subject to a **nonfiler penalty**.

The paid preparer information must be completed by an "income tax return preparer" whom you paid to complete the return and who is not your employee. The paid preparer's IRS Preparer Tax Identification Number (PTIN) must be entered in the space provided.

The term "income tax return preparer" is defined as "any person who prepares for compensation, or who employs one or more persons to prepare for compensation, any return of tax imposed by this Act or any claim for refund of tax imposed by this Act. The preparation of a substantial portion of a return or claim for refund shall be treated as the preparation of that return or claim for refund." However, a person is not an income tax return preparer if all that the person does is furnish typing, reproducing, or other mechanical assistance. (IITA Section 1501(a)(26)). The Illinois definition of income tax return preparer is substantially the same as the IRS definition. Therefore, if the IRS does not consider you to be an income tax return preparer with respect to the corresponding U.S. Form 941, you will generally not be considered an income tax return preparer with respect to the IL-941. For example, if you are a reporting agent filing U.S. Form 8655 and you are not considered an income tax return preparer by the IRS because you fall within the mechanical assistance exception, then, provided you do not render any specific Illinois income tax advice, you will not be considered an income tax return preparer by the Department.

If you want to allow the paid preparer to discuss this return with us, check the box and print the paid preparer's name, the firm's name, FEIN, address, and phone number. This authorization will allow your designee to answer any questions that arise during the processing of your return, call us with questions about your return, and receive or respond to notices we send. The authorization will automatically end no later than one year from the due date of this return. You may revoke the authorization at any time by calling or writing us.

NOTE: Form IL-941 has a scanline for automated processing that contains your FEIN, the reporting period, and a check digit. Do not photocopy the form and use for any other FEIN or reporting period.

IL-941 Instructions (R-12/18) Page 8 of 9

## **End of the Year Instructions**

At the end of the year, you (as the withholding agent) are required to report to your payee the total amount you withheld from that payee on the appropriate form (i.e. W-2, W-2G, or 1099).

To verify your records, compare	
<ol> <li>the total Illinois withholding you reported to your payees on Forms W-2, W-2G, W-2c, and 1099,</li> </ol>	1
2. the total Illinois withholding amount you reported on your quarterly Forms IL-94 added together for the year.  Quarter 1 IL-941, Line 2  + Quarter 2 IL-941, Line 2  + Quarter 3 IL-941, Line 2  + Quarter 4 IL-941, Line 2	41, Line 2,
	2
3. your payments made to IDOR plus credits claimed for the year (Form IL-941, L Quarter 1 IL-941, Line 5 + Quarter 2 IL-941, Line 5 + Quarter 3 IL-941, Line 5 + Quarter 4 IL-941, Line 5	Line 5).
	3
***The amounts on Lines 1, 2, and 3 should match. If they do not, then you need to	to review your account. See the "possible

Possible Errors for End of the Year Instructions			
If the total for line	then you may have		
#2 is greater than #1,	underreported to your payees or overreported to IDOR.		
#2 is greater than #3,	underpaid or overreported to IDOR.		
#1 is greater than #2,	overreported to your payees or underreported to IDOR.		
#1 is greater than #3,	underpaid to IDOR or overreported to your payees.		
#3 is greater than #2,	overpaid to IDOR or underreported to IDOR.		
#3 is greater than #1,	overpaid to IDOR or underreported to your payees.		

To correct an error, see sections "How do I correct an error if I over-withheld or under-withheld from a payee?" and "How do I correct withholding that I have over-reported or under-reported?"

Note: If you made an error in the amount you reported to your employee or payee on the W-2, W-2G, or 1099 forms, you must provide them with the correct amount on a W-2c or a corrected Form W-2G or Form 1099 as required by the Internal Revenue Service. You must also file Form IL-941-X, Amended Illinois Withholding Income Tax Return, to report the corrected amounts. The amount you withheld should always agree with the amount you report to us.

Important: According to Illinois regulations, an over-collection of withholding should not be corrected after the end of the calendar year in which the over-collection occurred. If you over-collected Illinois withholding income tax and did not realize your error until after the end of the calendar year, do not correct the withholding amount on your Form IL-941-X or Form W-2c (as long as you reported the exact amount that was actually withheld). The actual amount withheld, including the overcollection, will be credited to the employee when he or she reports the withholding amount shown on the W-2 when filing his or her IL-1040.

> This form is authorized as outlined under the tax or fee Act imposing the tax or fee for which this form is filed. Disclosure of this information is required. Failure to provide information may result in this form not being processed and may result in a penalty.